

Checklist of the Birds of British Columbia

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This checklist covers the 563 bird species and all recognized subspecies that have been observed in British Columbia and its coastal waters (to a distance of 200 miles), including all exotic species that have established breeding populations in the province for at least 20 years, even if these populations eventually died out. Species which breed or have bred in the province are marked with an asterisk. Each species on this list has been documented by a specimen, photograph, or field notes, although the natural occurrence of several species is considered questionable (e.g., Demoiselle Crane, American Woodcock, Blue Rock-Thrush). A number of species on this list have not been peer-reviewed, but are included in order to illustrate the diversity of species that have been reported in the province by birders and ornithologists. Species for which the veracity of the occurrence is particularly difficult to assess are included at the end of the document as “Excluded Species.” Footnotes are provided for additional clarification on the status of many species. Species-level taxonomy follows the most recent checklist of the American Ornithologist’s Union (AOU), while subspecific taxonomy is based primarily on the Birds of North America species accounts, which are the most recent comprehensive assessment of subspecies for North American breeding birds.

ORDER: ANSERIFORMES

Family: Anatidae

Subfamily: Dendrocygninae

*Dendrocygna bicolor*¹ Fulvous Whistling-Duck

Subfamily: Anserinae

Anser albifrons Greater White-fronted Goose

A.a.frontalis

A.a.gambelii

Chen canagica Emperor Goose

Chen caerulescens Snow Goose

C.c.caerulescens

Chen rossii Ross’s Goose

Branta bernicla Brant

B.b.nigricans

B.b.“subspecies”²

*Branta hutchinsii*³ Cackling Goose

B.h.minima

B.h.leucopareia

B.h.taverneri

¹ Known in B.C. only from a single historic record (1905) from Port Alberni

² This undescribed taxon, which breeds on Melville Island in the Canadian arctic and winters in Puget Sound and Boundary Bay, is known in the literature as “Gray-bellied” Brant.

³ These two species were split by the American Ornithologists Union (AOU) in 2004.

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| <i>Branta canadensis</i> ^{3,4} | Canada Goose* |
| <i>B.c.moffitti</i> | |
| <i>B.c.parvipes</i> | |
| <i>B.c.occidentalis</i> | |
| <i>B.c.fulva</i> | |
| <i>Cygnus olor</i> (I) ⁵ | Mute Swan* |
| <i>Cygnus buccinator</i> | Trumpeter Swan* |
| <i>Cygnus columbianus</i> ⁶ | Tundra Swan |
| <i>C.c.columbianus</i> | |
| <i>C.c.bewickii</i> | |
| <i>Cygnus cygnus</i> | Whooper Swan |
| Subfamily: Anatinae | |
| <i>Aix sponsa</i> | Wood Duck* |
| <i>Anas strepera</i> | Gadwall* |
| <i>Anas falcata</i> ⁷ | Falcated Duck |
| <i>Anas penelope</i> | Eurasian Wigeon |
| <i>Anas americana</i> | American Wigeon* |
| <i>Anas rubripes</i> (I) ⁸ | American Black Duck* |
| <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> | Mallard* |
| <i>A.p.platyrhynchos</i> | |
| <i>Anas discors</i> | Blue-winged Teal* |
| <i>Anas cyanoptera</i> | Cinnamon Teal* |
| <i>A.c.septentrionalium</i> | |
| <i>Anas clypeata</i> | Northern Shoveler* |
| <i>Anas acuta</i> | Northern Pintail* |
| <i>Anas querquedula</i> | Garganey |
| <i>Anas formosa</i> | Baikal Teal |
| <i>Anas crecca</i> ⁹ | Green-winged Teal* |
| <i>A.c.carolinensis</i> | |
| <i>A.c.crecca</i> | |
| <i>Aythya valisineria</i> | Canvasback* |
| <i>Aythya americana</i> | Redhead* |
| <i>Aythya collaris</i> | Ring-necked Duck* |
| <i>Aythya fuligula</i> | Tufted Duck |
| <i>Aythya marila</i> | Greater Scaup |
| <i>A.m.nearctica</i> | |

⁴ The subspecific designation of introduced resident populations across southern portions of the province is unknown and complicated by releases of non-native subspecies and captive-bred intergrades.

⁵ Small, localized introduced populations occur in the Lower Mainland and on southern Vancouver Island.

⁶ Two subspecies, sometimes considered separate species, have been recorded in B.C.: the North American *C. (c.) columbianus* [Whistling Swan] and the Eurasian *C. (c.) bewickii* [Bewick's Swan].

⁷ This Asian species is definitively known in B.C. only from a single male that returned for three consecutive winters (1994-1996) to the Tofino area of western Vancouver Island. An additional historic sight record from the Okanagan Valley is also on file.

⁸ A relatively small and decreasing introduced population occurs in the Nanaimo-Yellow Point area of Vancouver Island. An additional introduced population in the Lower Mainland recently became extirpated.

⁹ This taxon contains two discrete subspecies in British Columbia, which are often considered separate species: (American) Green-winged Teal [*A.(c.) carolinensis*] and Eurasian (Common) Teal [*A.(c.) crecca*]

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>Aythya affinis</i> | Lesser Scaup* |
| <i>Polysticta stelleri</i> | Steller's Eider |
| <i>Somateria fischeri</i> | Spectacled Eider |
| <i>Somateria spectabilis</i> | King Eider |
| <i>Somateria mollissima</i> | Common Eider |
| <i>S.m.v-nigra</i> | |
| <i>Histrionicus histrionicus</i> | Harlequin Duck* |
| <i>Melanitta perspicillata</i> | Surf Scoter* |
| <i>Melanitta fusca</i> | White-winged Scoter* |
| <i>M.f.deglandi</i> | |
| <i>M.f.stejnegeri</i> | |
| <i>Melanitta nigra</i> | Black Scoter |
| <i>M.n.americana</i> | |
| <i>Clangula hyemalis</i> | Long-tailed Duck* |
| <i>Bucephala albeola</i> | Bufflehead* |
| <i>Bucephala clangula</i> | Common Goldeneye* |
| <i>B.c.americana</i> | |
| <i>Bucephala islandica</i> | Barrow's Goldeneye* |
| <i>Mergellus albellus</i> | Smew |
| <i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i> | Hooded Merganser* |
| <i>Mergus merganser</i> | Common Merganser* |
| <i>M.m.americanus</i> | |
| <i>Mergus serrator</i> | Red-breasted Merganser* |
| <i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i> | Ruddy Duck* |
| <i>O.j.rubida</i> | |

ORDER: GALLIFORMES

Family: Odontophoridae

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| <i>Oreortyx pictus</i> (I, X) ¹⁰ | Mountain Quail* |
| <i>O.p.palmeri</i> | |
| <i>Callipepla californica</i> (I) ¹¹ | California Quail* |
| <i>C.c.brunnescens</i> ¹² | |
| <i>C.c.californica</i> | |
| <i>Colinus virginianus</i> (I, X) ¹³ | Northern Bobwhite* |
| <i>C.v.virginianus</i> | |

Family: Phasianidae

Subfamily: Phasianinae

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| <i>Alectoris chukar</i> (I) | Chukar* |
| <i>A.c.chukar</i> | |

¹⁰ An introduced population on southern Vancouver Island persisted for over 90 years before becoming extirpated in the 1980s.

¹¹ Introduced in the Okanagan Valley, southeastern Vancouver Island, and Saltspring Island in the Gulf Islands. Other introduced populations (e.g., Lower Mainland) all became extirpated.

¹² The subspecific designation of many California Quail populations in the province is unclear, but these two subspecies are likely responsible for the coastal and interior introductions, respectively

¹³ Introduced populations in the Lower Mainland persisted from the early 1900s until the 1970s, although no individual releases resulted in populations that were established for more than a few decades. A relatively small additional introduced population may also persist locally near Midway (east of Osoyoos).

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| <i>Perdix perdix</i> (I) | Gray Partridge* |
| <i>P.p.perdix</i> | |
| <i>Phasianus colchicus</i> (I) | Ring-necked Pheasant* |
| <i>P.c.torquatus</i> | |
| <i>P.c.robustipes</i> ¹⁴ | |
| <i>Lophura nycthemera</i> (I) ¹⁵ | Silver Pheasant* |
| <i>L.n.nycthemera</i> | |
| Subfamily: Tetraoninae | |
| <i>Bonasa umbellus</i> | Ruffed Grouse* |
| <i>B.u.brunnescens</i> | |
| <i>B.u.sabini</i> | |
| <i>B.u.yukonensis</i> | |
| <i>B.u.umbelloides</i> | |
| <i>B.u.affinis</i> | |
| <i>B.u.phaia</i> | |
| <i>Centrocercus urophasianus</i> (X) ¹⁶ | Greater Sage-Grouse*? |
| <i>C.u.phaios</i> | |
| <i>Falcapennis canadensis</i> ¹⁷ | Spruce Grouse* |
| <i>F.c.canadensis</i> | |
| <i>F.c.franklinii</i> | |
| <i>Lagopus lagopus</i> | Willow Ptarmigan* |
| <i>L.l.albus</i> | |
| <i>Lagopus muta</i> | Rock Ptarmigan* |
| <i>L.m.dixonii</i> | |
| <i>Lagopus leucura</i> | White-tailed Ptarmigan* |
| <i>L.l.leucura</i> | |
| <i>L.l.saxatilis</i> | |
| <i>Dendragopus obscurus</i> ¹⁸ | Dusky Grouse* |
| <i>D.o.richardsonii</i> | |
| <i>D.o.pallidus</i> | |
| <i>Dendragopus fuliginosus</i> ¹⁴ | Sooty Grouse* |
| <i>D.f.sitkensis</i> | |
| <i>D.f.fuliginosus</i> | |
| <i>Tympanuchus phasianellus</i> | Sharp-tailed Grouse* |
| <i>T.p.caurus</i> | |
| <i>T.p.columbianus</i> | |

¹⁴ This subspecies, known as the “Green” Pheasant (and sometimes considered a separate species), was established in the Alberni Valley of Vancouver Island for several decades before becoming extirpated in the 1980s.

¹⁵ A small but stable (expanding?) population occurs around Nanaimo on Vancouver Island

¹⁶ Several historic records of this species are known from the southern Okanagan Valley, but this species has not been recorded in the province since 1918 and is considered extirpated. It is considered to have formerly been a rare resident and breeder in the Okanagan Valley.

¹⁷ Two intergrading subspecies, which are sometimes considered separate species, occur in BC: Franklin’s Grouse (*F.[c.] franklinii*) and Spruce Grouse (*F.[c.] canadensis*)

¹⁸ These two species were split by the AOU in 2006

Subfamily: Meleagridinae

Meleagris gallopavo (I)¹⁹

*M.g.silvestris*²⁰

Wild Turkey*

ORDER: GAVIIFORMES

Family: Gaviidae

Gavia stellata

*Gavia arctica*²¹

G.a.viridigularis

Gavia pacifica

Gavia immer

Gavia adamsii

Red-throated Loon*

Arctic Loon

Pacific Loon*

Common Loon*

Yellow-billed Loon

ORDER: PODICIPEDIFORMES

Family: Podicipedidae

Podilymbus podiceps

P.p.podiceps

Podiceps auritus

P.a.cornutus

Podiceps grisegena

P.g.holboellii

Podiceps nigricollis

P.n.californicus

Aechmophorus occidentalis

A.o.occidentalis

Aechmophorus clarkii

A.c.transitionalis

Pied-billed Grebe*

Horned Grebe*

Red-necked Grebe*

Eared Grebe*

Western Grebe*

Clark's Grebe*

ORDER: PROCELLARIIFORMES

Family: Diomedidae

Phoebastria immutabilis

Phoebastria nigripes

Phoebastria albatrus

Laysan Albatross

Black-footed Albatross

Short-tailed Albatross

Family: Procellariidae

Fulmarus glacialis

F.g.rodgersi

Pterodroma ultima

Pterodroma inexpectata

*Pterodroma cookii*²²

Puffinus creatopus

Northern Fulmar*

Murphy's Petrel

Mottled Petrel

Cook's Petrel

Pink-footed Shearwater

¹⁹ Introduced into the northwestern United States (Idaho, Montana) and subsequently spread into southeast B.C.

²⁰ This eastern subspecies is the presumed source of our introduced populations, but other subspecies may also be involved

²¹ First confirmed in British Columbia in 2007 from the Sooke area (photo), although several previous and subsequent sight records exist

²² First recorded in B.C. in 2007 from the unlikely location of Lillooet, in the southern interior

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| <i>Puffinus carneipes</i> | Flesh-footed Shearwater |
| <i>P.c.hullianus</i> | |
| <i>Puffinus gravis</i> ²³ | Great Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus bulleri</i> | Buller's Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus griseus</i> | Sooty Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus tenuirostris</i> | Short-tailed Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus puffinus</i> ²⁴ | Manx Shearwater* [?] |
| <i>Puffinus opisthomelas</i> | Black-vented Shearwater |
| Family: Hydrobatidae | |
| <i>Oceanodroma furcata</i> | Fork-tailed Storm-Petrel* |
| <i>O.f.plumbea</i> | |
| <i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa</i> | Leach's Storm-Petrel* |
| <i>O.l.leucorhoa</i> | |
| <i>Oceanodroma homochroa</i> | Ashy Storm-Petrel |
| ORDER: PHAETHONTIDAE | |
| Family: Phaethontidae | |
| <i>Phaethon rubricauda</i> ²⁵ | Red-tailed Tropicbird |
| <i>P.r.melanorhynchos</i> | |
| ORDER: CINCONIIFORMES | |
| Family: Ciconiidae | |
| <i>Mycteria americana</i> ²⁶ | Wood Stork |
| ORDER: SULIFORMES | |
| Family: Fregatidae | |
| <i>Fregata magnificens</i> | Magnificent Frigatebird |
| Family: Sulidae | |
| <i>Sula nebouxii</i> ²⁷ | Blue-footed Booby |
| <i>S.n.nebouxii</i> | |
| <i>Sula leucogaster</i> | Brown Booby |
| <i>S.l.brewsteri</i> | |
| Family: Phalacrocoracidae | |
| <i>Phalacrocorax penicillatus</i> | Brandt's Cormorant* |
| <i>Phalacrocorax auritus</i> | Double-crested Cormorant* |
| <i>P.a.cincinatus</i> | |
| <i>P.a.albociliatus</i> | |
| <i>Phalacrocorax urile</i> | Red-faced Cormorant |

²³ First recorded in B.C. in 2000 off western Vancouver Island

²⁴ Records of this species along the entire Pacific coast of North America, including B.C., have been rapidly increasing over the past 15 years. Calls of this species have been recorded at night from the large seabird colonies on Triangle Island, off northern Vancouver Island, suggesting possible breeding in the province.

²⁵ A carcass of this tropical seabird was recovered from the mountainous interior of Vancouver Island in 1994, representing the only record for Canada.

²⁶ Known in B.C. from a single 1970 record from Telegraph Creek.

²⁷ The only report of this species in B.C. comes from waters off the Queen Charlotte Islands in 1995

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Phalacrocorax pelagicus</i> | Pelagic Cormorant* |
| <i>P.p.pelagicus</i> | |
| <i>P.p.resplendens</i> | |

ORDER: PELECANIFORMES

Family: Pelecanidae

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>Pelecanus erythrorhynchos</i> | American White Pelican* |
| <i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i> | Brown Pelican |
| <i>P.o.californicus</i> | |

Family: Ardeidae

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Botaurus lentiginosus</i> | American Bittern* |
| <i>Ixobrychus exilis</i> | Least Bittern |
| <i>I.e.exilis</i> | |
| <i>Ardea herodias</i> | Great Blue Heron* |
| <i>A.h.herodias</i> | |
| <i>A.h.fannini</i> | |
| <i>Ardea alba</i> | Great Egret |
| <i>A.a.egretta</i> | |
| <i>Egretta thula</i> | Snowy Egret |
| <i>E.t.brewsteri</i> | |
| <i>Egretta caerulea</i> | Little Blue Heron |
| <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> | Cattle Egret |
| <i>B.i.ibis</i> | |
| <i>Butorides virescens</i> | Green Heron* |
| <i>B.v.anthonyi</i> | |
| <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> | Black-crowned Night-Heron* |
| <i>N.n.hoactli</i> | |

Family: Threskiornithidae

Subfamily: Threskiornithinae

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| <i>Plegadis chihi</i> | White-faced Ibis |
|-----------------------|------------------|

ORDER: ACCIPITRIFORMES

Family: Cathartidae

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| <i>Coragyps atratus</i> | Black Vulture |
| <i>C.a.atratus</i> | |
| <i>Cathartes aura</i> | Turkey Vulture* |
| <i>C.a.meridionalis</i> | |
| <i>Gymnogyps californianus</i> (X) ²⁸ | California Condor |

Family: Pandionidae

| | |
|--------------------------|---------|
| <i>Pandion haliaetus</i> | Osprey* |
| <i>P.h.carolinensis</i> | |

Family: Accipitridae

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Elanus leucurus</i> | White-tailed Kite |
|------------------------|-------------------|

²⁸ Known in B.C. only from historical (pre-1900) records. The occurrence of this species in the province is considered extirpated since the remaining population in California and Arizona is so tiny and is exceedingly unlikely ever to occur in this region again at any time in the foreseeable future.

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| <i>E.l.majusculus</i> | |
| <i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i> | Bald Eagle* |
| <i>H.l.alascanus</i> | |
| <i>Circus cyaneus</i> | Northern Harrier* |
| <i>C.c.hudsonius</i> | |
| <i>Accipiter striatus</i> | Sharp-shinned Hawk* |
| <i>A.s.perobscurus</i> | |
| <i>A.s.velox</i> | |
| <i>Accipiter cooperii</i> | Cooper's Hawk* |
| <i>Accipiter gentilis</i> | Northern Goshawk* |
| <i>A.g.atricapillus</i> | |
| <i>A.g.laingi</i> | |
| <i>Buteo lineatus</i> | Red-shouldered Hawk |
| <i>Buteo platypterus</i> | Broad-winged Hawk* |
| <i>B.p.platypterus</i> | |
| <i>Buteo swainsoni</i> | Swainson's Hawk* |
| <i>Buteo jamaicensis</i> ²⁹ | Red-tailed Hawk* |
| <i>B.j.alascensis</i> | |
| <i>B.j.calurus</i> | |
| <i>B.j.harlandi</i> | |
| <i>Buteo regalis</i> | Ferruginous Hawk* |
| <i>Buteo lagopus</i> | Rough-legged Hawk |
| <i>B.l.sanctijohannis</i> | |
| <i>Aquila chrysaetos</i> | Golden Eagle* |
| <i>A.c.canadensis</i> | |

ORDER: GRUIFORMES

Family: Rallidae

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| <i>Coturnicops noveboracensis</i> ³⁰ | Yellow Rail* [?] |
| <i>C.n.noveboracensis</i> | |
| <i>Rallus limicola</i> | Virginia Rail* |
| <i>R.l.limicola</i> | |
| <i>Porzana carolina</i> | Sora* |
| <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> ³¹ | Common Gallinule |
| <i>G.c.cachinnans</i> | |
| <i>Fulica americana</i> | American Coot* |
| <i>F.a.americana</i> | |

Family: Gruidae

Subfamily: Gruinae

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| <i>Grus canadensis</i> | Sandhill Crane* |
| <i>G.c.canadensis</i> | |
| <i>G.c.tabida</i> | |
| <i>Grus grus</i> | Common Crane |

²⁹ Includes two different forms in B.C. which are sometimes considered separate species: Red-tailed Hawk (*B.jamaicensis*) and Harlan's Hawk (*B.(j.)harlandi*).

³⁰ Although an actual nest has not been documented in B.C., this species occurs regularly in the Peace River area and almost certainly has a breeding population in the province

³¹ Known from a single 1981 record from the Lower Mainland (Iona Island)

*Grus americana*³²
*Anthropoides virgo*³³

Whooping Crane*[?]
Demoiselle Crane

ORDER: CHARADRIIFORMES

Family: Recurvirostridae

*Himantopus mexicanus*³⁴
H.m.mexicanus
Recurvirostra americana

Black-necked Stilt*
American Avocet*

Family: Haematopodidae

Haematopus bachmani

Black Oystercatcher*

Family: Charadriidae

Subfamily: Charadriinae

Pluvialis squatarola
*Pluvialis dominica*³⁵
*Pluvialis fulva*³⁸
Charadrius mongolus
C.m.stegmanni
Charadrius alexandrinus
C.a.nivosus
Charadrius semipalmatus
*Charadrius melodus*³⁶
Charadrius vociferus
C.v.vociferus
*Charadrius montanus*³⁷
Charadrius morinellus

Black-bellied Plover
American Golden-Plover*
Pacific Golden-Plover
Lesser Sand-Plover
Snowy Plover
Semipalmated Plover*
Piping Plover
Killdeer*
Mountain Plover
Eurasian Dotterel

Family: Scolopacidae

Subfamily: Scolopacinae

*Xenus cinereus*³⁸
Actitis macularia
Tringa solitaria
T.s.solitaria
T.s.cinnamomea
*Tringa incana*³⁹
Tringa erythropus

Terek Sandpiper
Spotted Sandpiper*
Solitary Sandpiper*
Wandering Tattler*
Spotted Redshank

³² During the past decade, this species has appeared on a number of occasions at various locations on the Fraser Plateau during the breeding season and one or two pairs may potentially breed somewhere in the remote areas of that massive region

³³ This Asian species was recorded in B.C. in 2002 in the Bulkley Valley. Although the origin of the individual is considered uncertain, the sighting refers to the same individual that spent much of that winter in California and subsequently migrated north with Sandhill Cranes. This bird was seen at multiple locations between California and Alaska during this spring migration, and the flock that it was traveling with was tracked by satellite throughout the entire northward migration.

³⁴ First recorded breeding in the province near Kamloops in 2002.

³⁵ These two species were formerly considered conspecific (Lesser Golden-Plover) but were split by the AOU in 1993.

³⁶ Known from a single record (2000) from Vernon

³⁷ Known in B.C. from a single record from the Lower Mainland (Ladner) in 1986

³⁸ Known in BC from a single 1987 record from Sooke

³⁹ Formerly placed in the genus *Heteroscelus*

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| <i>Tringa melanoleuca</i> | Greater Yellowlegs* |
| <i>Tringa semipalmatus</i> ⁴⁰ | Willet |
| <i>T.s.inornatus</i> | |
| <i>Tringa flavipes</i> | Lesser Yellowlegs* |
| <i>Tringa glareola</i> ⁴¹ | Wood Sandpiper |
| <i>Bartramia longicauda</i> | Upland Sandpiper* |
| <i>Numenius minutus</i> ⁴² | Little Curlew |
| <i>Numenius phaeopus</i> ⁴³ | Whimbrel |
| <i>N.p.hudsonicus</i> | |
| <i>N.p.variegatus</i> | |
| <i>Numenius tahitiensis</i> ⁴⁴ | Bristle-thighed Curlew |
| <i>Numenius madagascariensis</i> ⁴⁵ | Far Eastern Curlew |
| <i>Numenius americanus</i> | Long-billed Curlew* |
| <i>N.a.parvus</i> | |
| <i>Limosa haemastica</i> | Hudsonian Godwit* |
| <i>Limosa lapponica</i> ⁴⁶ | Bar-tailed Godwit |
| <i>L.l.baueri</i> | |
| <i>L.l.lapponica</i> | |
| <i>Limosa fedoa</i> | Marbled Godwit |
| <i>L.f.fedoa</i> | |
| <i>L.f.beringiae</i> | |
| <i>Arenaria interpres</i> | Ruddy Turnstone |
| <i>A.i.morinella</i> | |
| <i>Arenaria melanocephala</i> | Black Turnstone |
| <i>Calidris tenuirostris</i> ⁴⁷ | Great Knot |
| <i>Calidris canutus</i> | Red Knot |
| <i>C.c.rosealaari</i> | |
| <i>Calidris virgata</i> | Surfbird |
| <i>Calidris pugnax</i> | Ruff |
| <i>Calidris acuminata</i> | Sharp-tailed Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris himantopus</i> | Stilt Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> | Curlew Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris temminckii</i> ⁴⁸ | Temminck's Stint |
| <i>Calidris pygmeus</i> ⁴⁹ | Spoon-billed Sandpiper |

⁴⁰ Formerly placed in the genus *Catoptrophorus*

⁴¹ Known in the province from a single record from Massett, Queen Charlotte Islands in 1994

⁴² Reported on two occasions from B.C., and at least one of these observations is accompanied by detailed field notes describing this species.

⁴³ Some individuals of the eastern Asian subspecies *N.p.variegatus* have been recorded in coastal B.C. (Queen Charlotte Islands) and, remarkably, once from Fort St. John in the northeastern interior; this form is sometimes regarded as a separate species.

⁴⁴ Known in B.C. only from a single record from northwest Vancouver Island (Grant Bay) in 1969

⁴⁵ The only record of this species in B.C. comes from the Lower Mainland (Boundary Bay) in 1984

⁴⁶ Almost all records of this bird in B.C. are referable to the grey-rumped Asian-Alaskan subspecies *L.l.baueri*, but there is a remarkable well-documented sight record of the white-rumped European subspecies *L.l.lapponica* from the Lower Mainland.

⁴⁷ The first record of this species in the province comes from the Lower Mainland (Iona Island) in 1998.

⁴⁸ Known in B.C. from a single record from the Lower Mainland (Ladner) in 1982

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| <i>Calidris ruficollis</i> | Red-necked Stint |
| <i>Calidris alba</i> | Sanderling |
| <i>Calidris alpina</i> | Dunlin |
| <i>C.a.pacifica</i> | |
| <i>Calidris ptilocnemis</i> | Rock Sandpiper |
| <i>C.p.tschuktschorum</i> | |
| <i>Calidris bairdii</i> ⁵⁰ | Baird's Sandpiper* |
| <i>Calidris minuta</i> | Little Stint |
| <i>Calidris minutilla</i> | Least Sandpiper* |
| <i>Calidris fuscicollis</i> | White-rumped Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris subruficollis</i> | Buff-breasted Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris melanotos</i> | Pectoral Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris pusilla</i> | Semipalmated Sandpiper |
| <i>Calidris mauri</i> | Western Sandpiper |
| <i>Limnodromus griseus</i> | Short-billed Dowitcher* |
| <i>L.g.caurinus</i> | |
| <i>L.g.hendersoni</i> | |
| <i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i> | Long-billed Dowitcher |
| <i>Gallinago delicata</i> | Wilson's Snipe* |
| <i>Scolopax minor</i> ⁵¹ | American Woodcock |
| Subfamily: Phalaropinae | |
| <i>Phalaropus tricolor</i> | Wilson's Phalarope* |
| <i>Phalaropus lobatus</i> | Red-necked Phalarope* |
| <i>Phalaropus fulicaria</i> | Red Phalarope |
| Family: Stercorariidae | |
| <i>Stercorarius macckormicki</i> | South Polar Skua |
| <i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i> | Pomarine Jaeger |
| <i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i> | Parasitic Jaeger |
| <i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i> | Long-tailed Jaeger |
| Family: Alcidae | |
| <i>Alle alle</i> | Dovekie |
| <i>Uria aalge</i> | Common Murre* |
| <i>U.a.inornata</i> | |
| <i>U.a.californica</i> | |
| <i>Uria lomvia</i> | Thick-billed Murre* |
| <i>U.l.arra</i> | |
| <i>Cepphus columba</i> | Pigeon Guillemot* |
| <i>C.c.adianta</i> | |
| <i>C.c.kaiurka</i> ⁵² | |
| <i>Brachyramphus perdix</i> ⁵³ | Long-billed Murrelet |

⁴⁹ This endangered Asian species is known in B.C. only from a single 1978 record from the Lower Mainland (Iona Island)

⁵⁰ First recorded breeding in B.C. in 1996 in the extreme northwest portion of the province (Haines Triangle)

⁵¹ Known in B.C. from a single 1960 record from Surrey, but the origin of this individual is considered uncertain by some authorities.

⁵² The only record of this Asian subspecies for North America outside of the Aleutian Islands is a specimen from British Columbia

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i> | Marbled Murrelet* |
| <i>Brachyramphus brevirostris</i> | Kittlitz's Murrelet |
| <i>Synthliboramphus scrippsi</i> | Scripps's Murrelet |
| <i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucus</i> | Guadalupe Murrelet |
| <i>Synthliboramphus antiquus</i> | Ancient Murrelet* |
| <i>S.a.antiquus</i> | |
| <i>Ptychoramphus aleuticus</i> | Cassin's Auklet* |
| <i>P.a.aleuticus</i> | |
| <i>Aethia psittacula</i> | Parakeet Auklet |
| <i>Aethia pusilla</i> ⁵⁴ | Least Auklet |
| <i>Aethia cristatella</i> | Crested Auklet |
| <i>Cerorhinca monocerata</i> | Rhinoceros Auklet* |
| <i>Fratercula corniculata</i> | Horned Puffin* |
| <i>Fratercula cirrhata</i> | Tufted Puffin* |

Family: Laridae

Subfamily: Larinae

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>Rissa tridactyla</i> | Black-legged Kittiwake* |
| <i>R.t.pollicaris</i> | |
| <i>Rissa brevirostris</i> | Red-legged Kittiwake |
| <i>Pagophila eburnea</i> | Ivory Gull |
| <i>Xema sabini</i> | Sabine's Gull |
| <i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i> | Bonaparte's Gull* |
| <i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i> | Black-headed Gull |
| <i>C..r.sibiricus</i> ⁵⁵ | |
| <i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i> | Little Gull |
| <i>Rhodostethia rosea</i> | Ross's Gull |
| <i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i> | Laughing Gull |
| <i>Leucophaeus pipixcan</i> | Franklin's Gull* |
| <i>Larus crassirostris</i> | Black-tailed Gull |
| <i>Larus heermanni</i> | Heermann's Gull |
| <i>Larus canus</i> ⁵⁶ | Mew Gull* |
| <i>L.c.brachyrhynchus</i> | |
| <i>L.c.kamtschatschensis</i> | |
| <i>Larus delawarensis</i> | Ring-billed Gull* |
| <i>Larus californicus</i> | California Gull* |
| <i>L.c.californicus</i> | |
| <i>L.c.albertaensis</i> | |

⁵³ First recorded in B.C. in 1994 at Charlie Lake (near Fort St. John); this species was subsequently photo-documented from near Sooke on southern Vancouver Island.

⁵⁴ First recorded in B.C. in 2007 from the Sooke area.

⁵⁵ This subspecies of eastern Asia is the presumed source of records for British Columbia; however, it is possible that some (or even all) records may in fact refer to the European/eastern Canadian subspecies *L.r.ridibundus*.

⁵⁶ The North American subspecies (*L. (c.) brachyrhynchus*) accounts for almost all observations of this species in B.C., but recently photographed individuals on southern Vancouver Island and in the Okanagan Valley appear to represent the eastern Asian subspecies (*L. (c.) kamtschatschensis* ["Kamchatka" Gull]), which is sometimes regarded as a separate species.

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| <i>Larus argentatus</i> ⁵⁷ | Herring Gull* |
| <i>L.a.smithsonianus</i> | |
| <i>L.a.vegae</i> | |
| <i>Larus thayeri</i> | Thayer's Gull |
| <i>Larus glaucoides</i> | Iceland Gull |
| <i>L.g.kumlieni</i> ⁵⁸ | |
| <i>Larus fuscus</i> | Lesser Black-backed Gull |
| <i>L.f.graellsii</i> | |
| <i>Larus schistisagus</i> | Slaty-backed Gull |
| <i>Larus occidentalis</i> | Western Gull* |
| <i>L.o.occidentalis</i> | |
| <i>Larus glaucescens</i> | Glaucous-winged Gull* |
| <i>Larus hyperboreus</i> | Glaucous Gull |
| <i>L.h.barrovianus</i> ⁵⁹ | |
| <i>Larus marinus</i> ⁶⁰ | Great Black-backed Gull |
| Subfamily: Sterninae | |
| <i>Onychoprion aleuticus</i> | Aleutian Tern |
| <i>Sternula antillarum</i> ⁶¹ | Least Tern |
| <i>S.a.brownii</i> ⁶² | |
| <i>Hydroprogne caspia</i> | Caspian Tern* |
| <i>Chlidonias niger</i> | Black Tern* |
| <i>C.n.surinamensis</i> | |
| <i>Sterna hirundo</i> | Common Tern |
| <i>S.h.hirundo</i> | |
| <i>Sterna paradisaea</i> | Arctic Tern* |
| <i>Sterna forsteri</i> | Forster's Tern* |
| <i>Thalasseus elegans</i> | Elegant Tern |

ORDER: COLUMBIFORMES

Family: Columbidae

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| <i>Columba livia</i> (I) ⁶³ | Rock Pigeon* |
| <i>Patagioenas fasciata</i> | Band-tailed Pigeon* |
| <i>P.f.monilis</i> | |
| <i>Streptopelia orientalis</i> ⁶⁴ | Oriental Turtle-Dove |

⁵⁷ Although only the North American subspecies *L. (a.) smithsonianus* (American Herring Gull) has been confirmed in B.C., there are numerous anecdotal reports and even some photographic evidence of the eastern Asian *L. (a.) vegae* (Vega Gull) in coastal parts of the province.

⁵⁸ Some white-winged individuals observed in B.C. closely resemble the subspecies *L.g.glaucoides*, but may fall within the range of variation of *kumlieni*.

⁵⁹ Some large, pale individuals may be referable to either the Siberian *L.h.pallidissimus* or the eastern Canadian *L.h.hyperboreus*

⁶⁰ Known in B.C. from a single record at Kamloops in 1988.

⁶¹ Known in B.C. from a single record at Osoyoos Lake in 1998.

⁶² This subspecies of coastal California is the presumed source of the single B.C. record; however, it is possible that the bird may actually represent the virtually identical Great Plains subspecies (*S.a.athalassos*)

⁶³ Populations throughout North America are derived from various domestic forms and crosses, thus the subspecific designation of these populations is impossible.

S.o.orientalis

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i> (I) ⁶⁵ | Eurasian Collared-Dove* |
| <i>S.d.decaocto</i> | |
| <i>Zenaida asiatica</i> | White-winged Dove |
| <i>Z.a.mearnsi</i> | |
| <i>Zenaida macroura</i> | Mourning Dove* |
| <i>Z.m.marginella</i> | |
| <i>Ectopistes migratorius</i> (X) ⁶⁶ | Passenger Pigeon |

ORDER: CUCULIFORMES

Family: Cuculidae

Subfamily: Cuculinae

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| <i>Coccyzus americanus</i> ⁶⁷ | Yellow-billed Cuckoo* [?] |
| <i>C.a.occidentalis</i> ⁶⁸ | |
| <i>Coccyzus erythrophthalmus</i> | Black-billed Cuckoo |

ORDER: STRIGIFORMES

Family: Tytonidae

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| <i>Tyto alba</i> | Barn Owl* |
| <i>T.a.pratincola</i> | |

Family: Strigidae

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Psiloscops flammeolus</i> | Flammulated Owl* |
| <i>Megascops kennicottii</i> | Western Screech-Owl* |
| <i>M.k.kennicottii</i> | |
| <i>M.k.macfarlanei</i> | |
| <i>Bubo virginianus</i> | Great Horned Owl* |
| <i>B.v.lagophonus</i> | |
| <i>B.v.saturatus</i> | |
| <i>B.v.subarcticus</i> | |
| <i>Bubo scandiacus</i> | Snowy Owl |
| <i>Surnia ulula</i> | Northern Hawk Owl* |
| <i>S.u.caparoch</i> | |
| <i>Glaucidium gnoma</i> ⁶⁹ | Northern Pygmy-Owl* |
| <i>G.g.grinnelli</i> | |
| <i>G.g.swarthy</i> | |
| <i>G.g.californicum</i> | |

⁶⁴ First recorded in B.C. in 1992 at Tofino

⁶⁵ A small resident population occurs in the southern interior (Keremeos-Cawston). Additionally, this species is being increasingly recorded along the south coast from the rapidly expanding introduced population in the United States that originated from releases in the Bahamas.

⁶⁶ This extinct species is known in B.C. only from historical (pre-1860) specimens.

⁶⁷ Formerly an uncommon summer resident on the south coast until at least the 1930s, but now extirpated. However, since 1989, this species has been increasingly recorded as a vagrant in B.C., presumably from the small breeding populations in the western United States (but possibly from the eastern population).

⁶⁸ This is the western subspecies that formerly bred throughout the Pacific Northwest; some (or all) recent vagrant records may refer to the eastern subspecies *C.a.americanus*.

⁶⁹ Coastal (*grinnelli*, *swarthy*) and interior (*californicum*) groups have been proposed as separate species by some authors

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| <i>Athene cunicularia</i> ⁷⁰ | Burrowing Owl* |
| <i>A.c.hypugaea</i> | |
| <i>Strix occidentalis</i> | Spotted Owl* |
| <i>S.o.caurina</i> | |
| <i>Strix varia</i> | Barred Owl* |
| <i>S.v.varia</i> | |
| <i>Strix nebulosa</i> | Great Gray Owl* |
| <i>S.n.nebulosa</i> | |
| <i>Asio otus</i> | Long-eared Owl* |
| <i>A.o.tuftsi</i> | |
| <i>Asio flammeus</i> | Short-eared Owl* |
| <i>A.f.flammeus</i> | |
| <i>Aegolius funereus</i> | Boreal Owl* |
| <i>A.f.richardsoni</i> | |
| <i>Aegolius acadicus</i> | Northern Saw-whet Owl* |
| <i>A.a.acadicus</i> | |
| <i>A.a.brooksi</i> | |

ORDER: CAPRIMULGIFORMES

Family: Caprimulgidae

Subfamily: Chordeilinae

*Chordeiles acutipennis*⁷¹

C.a.texensis

Chordeiles minor

C.m.minor

C.m.hesperis

Subfamily: Caprimulginae

Phalaenoptilus nuttallii

P.n.nuttallii

*Caprimulgus arizonae*⁷²

Lesser Nighthawk

Common Nighthawk*

Common Poorwill*

Mexican Whip-poor-will

ORDER: APODIFORMES

Family: Apodidae

Subfamily: Cypseloidinae

Cypseloides niger

C.n.borealis

Subfamily: Chaeturinae

Chaetura vauxi

C.v.vauxi

Subfamily: Apodinae

Black Swift*

Vaux's Swift*

⁷⁰ Formerly a localized breeder in the southern interior, but subsequently extirpated by the 1990s. This species is now being reintroduced into the region and is rarely reported as a vagrant on the south coast.

⁷¹ First recorded in B.C. in 2006 from pelagic waters off western Vancouver Island, quickly followed by a second record (carcass) at Vancouver.

⁷² First recorded in B.C. in 2003 near Ucluelet, Vancouver Island (carcass). This specimen was subsequently identified as the southwestern subspecies (*arizonae*) rather than the eastern form (*vociferus*).

Aeronautes saxatilis
A.s.saxatilis

White-throated Swift*

Family: Trochilidae

Subfamily: Trochilinae

Colibri thalassinus
C.t.thalassinus
*Archilochus colubris*⁷³
Archilochus alexandri
Calypte anna
Calypte costae
Selasphorus platycercus
Selasphorus rufus
Selasphorus calliope
*Hylocharis xantusii*⁷⁴

Green Violetear

Ruby-throated Hummingbird*[?]
Black-chinned Hummingbird*
Anna's Hummingbird*
Costa's Hummingbird
Broad-tailed Hummingbird
Rufous Hummingbird*
Calliope Hummingbird*
Xantus's Hummingbird

ORDER: CORACIIFORMES

Family: Alcedinidae

Subfamily: Cerylinae

Megaceryle alcyon

Belted Kingfisher*

ORDER: PICIFORMES

Family: Picidae

Subfamily: Picinae

*Melanerpes lewis*⁷⁵
Melanerpes erythrocephalus
Melanerpes formicivorus
M.f.bairdi
Sphyrapicus thyroideus
S.t.thyroideus
*S.t.nataliae*⁷⁶
Sphyrapicus varius
Sphyrapicus nuchalis
Sphyrapicus ruber
S.r.ruber
Picoides pubescens
P.p.nelsoni
P.p.leucurus
P.p.gairdnerii
Picoides villosus
P.v.septentrionalis
P.v.orius
P.v.monticola

Lewis's Woodpecker*
Red-headed Woodpecker
Acorn Woodpecker
Williamson's Sapsucker*
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker*
Red-naped Sapsucker*
Red-breasted Sapsucker*
Downy Woodpecker*
Hairy Woodpecker*

⁷³ Recorded regularly in small numbers in the Peace River area of northeastern B.C., where it almost certainly breeds, but no nests have yet been found in the province.

⁷⁴ Known in B.C. from a single bird that spent a 310-day period at Gibsons, on the southern mainland coast, in 1997-1998.

⁷⁵ Extirpated as a breeder on the south coast since at least the 1940s.

⁷⁶ This subspecies appears to be extirpated from B.C.

| | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| <i>P.v.harrisi</i> | |
| <i>P.v.picoideus</i> | |
| <i>Picoides albolarvatus</i> | White-headed Woodpecker* |
| <i>P.a.albolarvatus</i> | |
| <i>Picoides dorsalis</i> ⁷⁷ | American Three-toed Woodpecker* |
| <i>P.d.fasciatus</i> | |
| <i>Picoides arcticus</i> | Black-backed Woodpecker* |
| <i>Colaptes auratus</i> ⁷⁸ | Northern Flicker* |
| <i>C.a.auratus</i> | |
| <i>C.a.cafer</i> | |
| <i>Dryocopus pileatus</i> | Pileated Woodpecker* |
| <i>D.p.picinus</i> | |

ORDER: FALCONIFORMES

Family: Falconidae

Subfamily: Caracarinae

| | |
|--|------------------|
| <i>Caracara cheriway</i> ⁷⁹ | Crested Caracara |
| <i>C.c.audubonii</i> | |

Subfamily: Falconinae

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> ⁸⁰ | Eurasian Kestrel |
| <i>F.t.tinnunculus</i> | |
| <i>Falco sparverius</i> | American Kestrel* |
| <i>F.s.sparverius</i> | |
| <i>Falco columbarius</i> | Merlin* |
| <i>F.c.columbarius</i> | |
| <i>F.c.suckleyi</i> | |
| <i>F.c.richardsonii</i> | |
| <i>Falco subbuteo</i> ⁸¹ | Eurasian Hobby |
| <i>F.s.subbuteo</i> | |
| <i>Falco rusticolus</i> | Gyr Falcon* |
| <i>Falco peregrinus</i> | Peregrine Falcon* |
| <i>F.p.anatum</i> | |
| <i>F.p.tundrius</i> | |
| <i>F.p.pealei</i> | |
| <i>Falco mexicanus</i> | Prairie Falcon* |

ORDER: PASSERIFORMES

Family: Tyrannidae

Subfamily: Fluvicolinae

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>Contopus cooperi</i> | Olive-sided Flycatcher* |
| <i>C.c.cooperi</i> | |

⁷⁷ North American birds were considered a separate species from those in Eurasia by the AOU in 2003.

⁷⁸ Two distinct populations occur in B.C. and intergrade broadly across much of the interior : Yellow-shafted Flicker (*C.a.auratus*) and Red-shafted Flicker (*C.a.cafer*).

⁷⁹ Known in B.C. from a single record in 1998 from Drury Inlet on the southern mainland coast.

⁸⁰ Known in B.C. from a single historic (1948) specimen from Alkali Lake in the central interior, although recent evidence suggests that this may have been an escaped falconer's bird.

⁸¹ First reliably recorded in B.C. in 2006 from Sooke

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| <i>Contopus sordidulus</i> | Western Wood-Pewee* |
| <i>C.s.saturatus</i> | |
| <i>C.s.veliei</i> | |
| <i>Empidonax flaviventris</i> | Yellow-bellied Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax virescens</i> ⁸² | Acadian Flycatcher |
| <i>Empidonax alnorum</i> | Alder Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax traillii</i> | Willow Flycatcher* |
| <i>E.t.brewsteri</i> | |
| <i>E.t.adastus</i> | |
| <i>E.t.traillii</i> ⁸³ | |
| <i>Empidonax minimus</i> | Least Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax hammondii</i> | Hammond's Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax wrightii</i> | Gray Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax oberholseri</i> | Dusky Flycatcher* |
| <i>Empidonax difficilis</i> ⁸⁴ | Pacific-slope Flycatcher* |
| <i>E.d.difficilis</i> | |
| <i>Empidonax occidentalis</i> ^{90, 85} | Cordilleran Flycatcher* [?] |
| <i>E.o.hellmayri</i> | |
| <i>Sayornis nigricans</i> | Black Phoebe |
| <i>S.n.semiatra</i> | |
| <i>Sayornis phoebe</i> | Eastern Phoebe* |
| <i>Sayornis saya</i> | Say's Phoebe* |
| <i>S.s.saya</i> | |
| Subfamily: Tyranninae | |
| <i>Myiarchus cinerascens</i> | Ash-throated Flycatcher |
| <i>M.c.cinerascens</i> | |
| <i>Myiarchus crinitus</i> ⁸⁶ | Great Crested Flycatcher |
| <i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i> | Tropical Kingbird |
| <i>T.m.satrapa</i> | |
| <i>Tyrannus crassirostris</i> ⁸⁷ | Thick-billed Kingbird |
| <i>Tyrannus verticalis</i> | Western Kingbird* |
| <i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i> | Eastern Kingbird* |
| <i>Tyrannus dominicensis</i> ⁸⁸ | Gray Kingbird |
| <i>T.d.dominicensis</i> | |
| <i>Tyrannus forficatus</i> | Scissor-tailed Flycatcher |

⁸² Known only from a single 1934 specimen record Leonie Lake (near Barriere).

⁸³ A bird matching the description of this eastern subspecies of Willow Flycatcher was netted at Rocky Point on southern Vancouver Island in 2003.

⁸⁴ These two species were considered conspecific by the AOU (as "Western" Flycatcher) until 1989.

⁸⁵ Considered part of the B.C. avifauna based on a presumed distribution in the extreme southeastern interior (Johnson, 1980) and occasional observations of males giving the correct call note for this species; possible hybridization in this area with the nearly identical Pacific-slope Flycatcher clouds its true status in the province.

⁸⁶ Known only from Triangle Island in 1995.

⁸⁷ The only B.C. record was a single bird in Qualicum Beach (Vancouver Island) in 1974.

⁸⁸ Known in B.C. only from a historic 1889 specimen from Cape Beale on western Vancouver Island.

Family: Laniidae

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Lanius ludovicianus</i> | Loggerhead Shrike |
| <i>L.l.gambeli</i> | |
| <i>Lanius excubitor</i> | Northern Shrike* |
| <i>L.e.borealis</i> | |

Family: Vireonidae

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Vireo atricapilla</i> | Black-capped Vireo |
| <i>Vireo cassinii</i> ⁸⁹ | Cassin's Vireo* |
| <i>V.c.cassinii</i> | |
| <i>Vireo solitarius</i> ⁹⁸ | Blue-headed Vireo* |
| <i>V.s.solitarius</i> | |

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| <i>Vireo huttonii</i> | Hutton's Vireo* |
| <i>V.h.insularis</i> | |
| <i>V.h.huttonii</i> | |

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| <i>Vireo gilvus</i> | Warbling Vireo* |
| <i>V.g.swainsoni</i> | |

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>Vireo philadelphicus</i> | Philadelphia Vireo* |
| <i>Vireo olivaceus</i> | Red-eyed Vireo* |
| <i>V.o.olivaceus</i> | |

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Vireo flavoviridis</i> | Yellow-green Vireo |
|---------------------------|--------------------|

Family: Corvidae

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| <i>Perisoreus canadensis</i> | Gray Jay* |
| <i>P.c.pacificus</i> | |
| <i>P.c.obscurus</i> | |
| <i>P.c.bicolor</i> | |
| <i>P.c.albescens</i> | |

| | |
|--|----------------|
| <i>Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus</i> ⁹⁰ | Pinyon Jay |
| <i>Cyanocitta stelleri</i> | Steller's Jay* |
| <i>C.s.stelleri</i> | |
| <i>C.s.carlottae</i> | |
| <i>C.s.annectens</i> | |

| | |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| <i>Cyanocitta cristata</i> | Blue Jay* |
| <i>C.c.bromia</i> | |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Aphelocoma californica</i> | Western Scrub-Jay* |
| <i>A.c.immanis</i> | |

| | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Nucifraga columbiana</i> | Clark's Nutcracker* |
| <i>Pica hudsonia</i> ⁹¹ | Black-billed Magpie* |
| <i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i> | American Crow* |

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>C.b.hesperis</i> | |
| <i>Corvus caurinus</i> | Northwestern Crow* |
| <i>Corvus corax</i> | Common Raven* |
| <i>C.c.principalis</i> | |

⁸⁹ These species were formerly combined under the name Solitary Vireo (*Vireo solitarius*) but were split by the AOU in 1997.

⁹⁰ The first record of this species in B.C. was in 2005 near Creston.

⁹¹ Formerly combined with Eurasian subspecies as *Pica pica*, but split by the AOU in 2001.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | <i>C.c.sinuatus</i> | |
| Family: Alaudidae | | |
| | <i>Alauda arvensis</i> (I) ⁹² | Sky Lark* |
| | <i>A.a.arvensis</i> | |
| | <i>A.a.pekinensis</i> | |
| | <i>Eremophila alpestris</i> | Horned Lark* |
| | <i>E.a.strigata</i> ⁹³ | |
| | <i>E.a.arcticola</i> | |
| | <i>E.a.merrilli</i> | |
| | <i>E.a.hoyti</i> | |
| Family: Hirundinidae | | |
| Subfamily: Hirundininae | | |
| | <i>Progne subis</i> | Purple Martin* |
| | <i>P.s.arboricola</i> | |
| | <i>P.s.subis</i> | |
| | <i>Tachycineta bicolor</i> | Tree Swallow* |
| | <i>Tachycineta thalassina</i> | Violet-green Swallow* |
| | <i>T.t.thalassina</i> | |
| | <i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i> | Northern Rough-winged Swallow* |
| | <i>S.s.serripennis</i> | |
| | <i>Riparia riparia</i> | Bank Swallow* |
| | <i>R.r.riparia</i> | |
| | <i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i> | Cliff Swallow* |
| | <i>P.p.pyrrhonota</i> | |
| | <i>P.p.hypopolia</i> | |
| | <i>Petrochelidon fulva</i> | Cave Swallow |
| | <i>P.f.pelodoma</i> | |
| | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> | Barn Swallow* |
| | <i>H.r.erythrogaster</i> | |
| | <i>H.r.gutturalis</i> ⁹⁴ | |
| Family: Paridae | | |
| | <i>Poecile atricapillus</i> | Black-capped Chickadee* |
| | <i>P.a.turneri</i> | |
| | <i>P.a.fortuitus</i> | |
| | <i>P.a.occidentalis</i> | |
| | <i>P.a.septentrionalis</i> | |
| | <i>Poecile gambeli</i> | Mountain Chickadee* |
| | <i>P.g.abbreviatus</i> | |
| | <i>Poecile rufescens</i> | Chestnut-backed Chickadee* |
| | <i>P.r.rufescens</i> | |

⁹² A small (<150 individuals) introduced population of the European subspecies (*A.a.arvensis*) is resident on the Saanich Peninsula of southern Vancouver Island. However, several additional records from the coast away from this area (ie. Port McNeill, Queen Charlotte Islands, Lower Mainland) likely pertain to vagrants of the eastern Asian subspecies (*A.a.pekinensis*), which has been recorded casually along the Pacific coast from Alaska to California.

⁹³ This subspecies of the southwest coast is apparently extirpated from B.C.

⁹⁴ A single specimen of this Asian subspecies was taken from the Queen Charlotte Islands

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| <i>Poecile hudsonicus</i> | Boreal Chickadee* |
| <i>P.h.columbianus</i> | |
| <i>P.h.cascadensis</i> | |
| Family: Aegithalidae | |
| <i>Psaltriparus minimus</i> | Bushtit* |
| <i>P.m.saturatus</i> | |
| Family: Sittidae | |
| Subfamily: Sittinae | |
| <i>Sitta canadensis</i> | Red-breasted Nuthatch* |
| <i>Sitta carolinensis</i> ⁹⁵ | White-breasted Nuthatch* |
| <i>S.c.aculeata</i> | |
| <i>S.c.tenuissima</i> | |
| <i>S.c.cookei</i> | |
| <i>Sitta pygmaea</i> | Pygmy Nuthatch* |
| <i>S.p.melanotis</i> | |
| Family: Certhiidae | |
| Subfamily: Certhiinae | |
| <i>Certhia americana</i> | Brown Creeper* |
| <i>C.a.alascensis</i> | |
| <i>C.a occidentalis</i> | |
| <i>C.a.stewarti</i> | |
| <i>C.a.montana</i> | |
| Family: Troglodytidae | |
| <i>Salpinctes obsoletus</i> | Rock Wren* |
| <i>S.o.obsoletus</i> | |
| <i>Catherpes mexicanus</i> | Canyon Wren* |
| <i>C.m.griseus</i> | |
| <i>Troglodytes aedon</i> | House Wren* |
| <i>T.a.parkmanii</i> | |
| <i>Troglodytes pacificus</i> | Pacific Wren* |
| <i>T.p.pacificus</i> | |
| <i>Troglodytes hiemalis</i> ⁹⁶ | Winter Wren* |
| <i>T.h.hiemalis</i> | |
| <i>Cistothorus platensis</i> ⁹⁷ | Sedge Wren |
| <i>C.p.stellaris</i> | |
| <i>Cistothorus palustris</i> | Marsh Wren* |
| <i>C.p.browningi</i> | |
| <i>C.p.pulverius</i> | |
| <i>Thryomanes bewickii</i> | Bewick's Wren* |
| <i>T.b.calophonus</i> | |
| Family: Polioptilidae | |
| <i>Polioptila caerulea</i> | Blue-gray Gnatcatcher |

⁹⁵ Some authorities have suggested that eastern, Great Basin, and Pacific coast subspecies (all of which likely occur in B.C.) may represent different species.

⁹⁶ Populations east and west of the Rocky Mountains in B.C. may represent two different species.

⁹⁷ First recorded in B.C. in 2005 at Vancouver, although the species had previously been mentioned on bird lists from remote areas of northeastern B.C.

*P.c.amoenissima*⁹⁸

Family: Cinclidae

Cinclus mexicanus

American Dipper*

C.m.unicolor

Family: Regulidae

Regulus satrapa

Golden-crowned Kinglet*

R.s.apache

R.s.olivaceus

Regulus calendula

Ruby-crowned Kinglet*

R.c.calendula

R.c.grinnelli

Family: Muscicapidae

*Monticola solitarius*⁹⁹

Blue Rock-Thrush

M.s.philippensis

Tarsiger cyanurus

Red-flanked Bluetail

Oenanthe oenanthe

Northern Wheatear

O.o.oenanthe

Family: Turdidae

Sialia sialis

Eastern Bluebird

*Sialia mexicana*¹⁰⁰

Western Bluebird*

S.m.occidentalis

Sialia currucoides

Mountain Bluebird*

Myadestes townsendi

Townsend's Solitaire*

M.t.townsendi

Catharus fuscescens

Veery*

C.f.salicicolus

C.f.levyi

Catharus minimus

Gray-cheeked Thrush*

C.m.aliciae

*Catharus ustulatus*¹⁰¹

Swainson's Thrush*

C.u.incanus

C.u.ustulatus

C.u.phillipsi

C.u.swainsoni

Catharus guttatus

Hermit Thrush*

C.g.guttatus

C.g.nanus

C.g.auduboni

⁹⁸ This western subspecies is the presumed source of all B.C. records, based on proximity of breeding populations

⁹⁹ The only record of this eastern Asian species in B.C. (and North America) is from Goldpan Provincial Park along the South Thompson River in the southern interior. The origins of this bird are currently unknown and it may have originated as an escapee from a private collection. Conversely, this species is migratory in its native range and could conceivably reach B.C. on its own. An additional unsubstantiated sight record from Alaska suggests that natural occurrence is plausible.

¹⁰⁰ Coastal populations have been extirpated in B.C. since the 1990s.

¹⁰¹ Coastal (*ustulatus*, *phillipsi*) and interior (*incanus*, *swainsoni*) populations may represent separate species.

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| <i>C.g.faxoni</i> | |
| <i>Turdus naumanni</i> | Dusky Thrush |
| <i>T.n.eunomus</i> | |
| <i>Turdus pilaris</i> ¹⁰² | Fieldfare |
| <i>Turdus iliacus</i> | Redwing, |
| <i>Turdus migratorius</i> | American Robin* |
| <i>T.m.caurinus</i> | |
| <i>T.m.propinquus</i> | |
| <i>T.m.migratorius</i> | |
| <i>Ixoreus naevius</i> | Varied Thrush* |
| <i>I.n.meruloides</i> | |
| <i>I.n.naevius</i> | |
| Family: Mimidae | |
| <i>Dumetella carolinensis</i> | Gray Catbird* |
| <i>Toxostoma rufum</i> | Brown Thrasher |
| <i>T.r.longicauda</i> | |
| <i>Oreoscoptes montanus</i> | Sage Thrasher* |
| <i>Mimus polyglottos</i> | Northern Mockingbird* |
| Family: Sturnidae | |
| <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> (I) | European Starling* |
| <i>S.v.vulgaris</i> | |
| <i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i> (I, X) ¹⁰³ | Crested Myna* |
| <i>A.c.cristatellus</i> | |
| Family: Prunellidae | |
| <i>Prunella montanella</i> | Siberian Accentor |
| <i>P.m.badia</i> | |
| Family: Motacillidae | |
| <i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i> | Eastern Yellow Wagtail |
| <i>M.t.tschutschensis</i> | |
| <i>Motacilla citreola</i> | Citrine Wagtail |
| <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> | Gray Wagtail |
| <i>M.c.robusta</i> | |
| <i>Motacilla alba</i> ¹⁰⁴ | White Wagtail |
| <i>M.a.ocularis</i> | |
| <i>M.a.lugens</i> | |
| <i>Anthus cervinus</i> | Red-throated Pipit |
| <i>Anthus rubescens</i> | American Pipit* |
| <i>A.r.pacificus</i> | |
| <i>A.r.rubescens</i> | |
| <i>A.r.alticola</i> ¹⁰⁵ | |
| <i>Anthus spragueii</i> | Sprague's Pipit* |

¹⁰² First recorded in B.C. in 2003 from the Lower Mainland.

¹⁰³ Introduced into the Vancouver area in the late 1800s and survived until 2003. Local populations on Vancouver Island (originating from the Vancouver population) all became extirpated by the 1960s.

¹⁰⁴ This species was formerly split into two species, White Wagtail (*M.alba*) and Black-backed Wagtail (*M.lugens*), but these species were combined by the AOU in 2005; both forms have been recorded in B.C.

¹⁰⁵ This reddish subspecies of the U.S. Rocky Mountains has been recorded once in the Lower Mainland

Family: Bombycillidae

Bombycilla garrulus
B.g.pallidiceps
Bombycilla cedrorum

Bohemian Waxwing*

Cedar Waxwing*

Family: Calcariidae

Calcarius lapponicus
C.l.alascensis
Calcarius ornatus
Calcarius pictus
Rhynchophanes mccownii
Plectrophenax nivalis
P.n.nivalis
Plectrophenax hyperboreus

Lapland Longspur

Chestnut-collared Longspur

Smith's Longspur*

McCown's Longspur

Snow Bunting*

McKay's Bunting

Family: Parulidae

Seiurus aurocapilla
S.a.aurocapilla
Parkesia noveboracensis
P.n.notabilis
P.n.limnaeus
Mniotilta varia
*Protonotaria citrea*¹⁰⁶
Oreothlypis peregrina
Oreothlypis celata
O.c.lutescens
O.c.orestera
O.c.celata
Oreothlypis ruficapilla
O.r.ridgwayi
*O.r.ruficapilla*¹⁰⁷
Oporornis agilis
Geothlypis tolmiei
G.t.tolmiei
Geothlypis philadelphia
*Geothlypis formosus*¹⁰⁸
Geothlypis trichas
G.t.campicola
G.t.arizela
Setophaga citrina
Setophaga ruticilla
Setophaga tigrina
Setophaga americana
Setophaga magnolia
Setophaga castanea

Ovenbird*

Northern Waterthrush*

Black-and-white Warbler*

Prothonotary Warbler

Tennessee Warbler*

Orange-crowned Warbler*

Nashville Warbler*

Connecticut Warbler*

MacGillivray's Warbler*

Mourning Warbler*

Kentucky Warbler

Common Yellowthroat*

Hooded Warbler

American Redstart*

Cape May Warbler*

Northern Parula

Magnolia Warbler*

Bay-breasted Warbler*

¹⁰⁶ First reported in B.C. in 2001 from Victoria (carcass), but several subsequent records from the south coast are now on file.

¹⁰⁷ Accidental in northeastern B.C.

¹⁰⁸ First reported in B.C. in 2004 at Nanaimo.

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| <i>Setophaga fusca</i> ¹⁰⁹ | Blackburnian Warbler* [?] |
| <i>Setophaga petechia</i> | Yellow Warbler* |
| <i>S.p.rubiginosa</i> | |
| <i>S.p.morcomi</i> | |
| <i>S.p.annicola</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i> ¹¹⁰ | Chestnut-sided Warbler* |
| <i>Setophaga striata</i> | Blackpoll Warbler* |
| <i>Setophaga caerulescens</i> | Black-throated Blue Warbler |
| <i>S.c.caerulescens</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga palmarum</i> | Palm Warbler* |
| <i>S.p.palmarum</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga pinus</i> ¹¹¹ | Pine Warbler |
| <i>S.p.pinus</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga coronata</i> ¹¹² | Yellow-rumped Warbler* |
| <i>S.c.coronata</i> | |
| <i>S.c.auduboni</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga dominica</i> ¹¹³ | Yellow-throated Warbler |
| <i>S.d.albilora</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga discolor</i> | Prairie Warbler |
| <i>S.d.discolor</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga nigrescens</i> | Black-throated Gray Warbler* |
| <i>S.n.nigrescens</i> | |
| <i>Setophaga townsendi</i> | Townsend's Warbler* |
| <i>Setophaga occidentalis</i> ¹¹⁴ | Hermit Warbler* [?] |
| <i>Setophaga virens</i> | Black-throated Green Warbler* |
| <i>S.v.virens</i> | |
| <i>Cardellina canadensis</i> | Canada Warbler* |
| <i>Cardellina pusilla</i> | Wilson's Warbler* |
| <i>C.p.chryseola</i> | |
| <i>C.p.pileolata</i> | |
| <i>C.p.pusilla</i> ¹¹⁵ | |
| <i>Myioborus pictus</i> ¹¹⁶ | Painted Redstart |
| <i>M.p.pictus</i> | |
| <i>Icteria virens</i> | Yellow-breasted Chat* |
| <i>I.v.auricollis</i> | |

¹⁰⁹ One or more populations of this species were recently reported from remote areas of northeastern B.C. and it is suspected that the species breeds in that area.

¹¹⁰ Breeding evidence is restricted to a single extralimital breeding event in the central interior

¹¹¹ First reported in B.C. in 1999 from the Victoria area, and subsequently reported from Lillooet in 2005.

¹¹² This taxon contains two identifiable subspecies in B.C. which intergrade along the Rocky Mountains and in the northern mountainous interior and occur widely during migration : Audubon's Warbler (*D. (c.) auduboni*) and Myrtle Warbler (*D. (c.) coronata*); these forms were formerly considered separate species.

¹¹³ Known in B.C. only from a single 1998 record from Gabriola Island, near Nanaimo.

¹¹⁴ This species is rarely but regularly reported from southwestern Vancouver Island, including sightings of pairs during the breeding season, and may occasionally breed. Many purported observations of this species have proven to be hybrids with Townsend's Warbler.

¹¹⁵ A bird of this eastern subspecies was banded on the Sunshine Coast in 2004.

¹¹⁶ Known in B.C. only from a 1973 record from North Vancouver.

Family: Emberizidae

| | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| <i>Pipilo chlorurus</i> | Green-tailed Towhee |
| <i>Pipilo maculatus</i> ¹¹⁷ | Spotted Towhee* |
| <i>P.m.oregonus</i> | |
| <i>P.m.arcticus</i> | |
| <i>Pipilo erythrophthalmus</i> ^{130, 118} | Eastern Towhee |
| <i>P.e.erythrophthalmus</i> | |
| <i>Spizella arborea</i> | American Tree Sparrow* |
| <i>S.a.ochracea</i> | |
| <i>Spizella passerina</i> | Chipping Sparrow* |
| <i>S.p.arizonae</i> | |
| <i>Spizella pallida</i> | Clay-colored Sparrow* |
| <i>Spizella breweri</i> ¹¹⁹ | Brewer's Sparrow* |
| <i>S.b.breweri</i> | |
| <i>S.b.taverneri</i> | |
| <i>Pooecetes gramineus</i> | Vesper Sparrow* |
| <i>P.g.confinis</i> | |
| <i>P.g.affinis</i> | |
| <i>Chondestes grammacus</i> | Lark Sparrow* |
| <i>C.g.strigatus</i> | |
| <i>Amphispiza bilineata</i> | Black-throated Sparrow* [?] |
| <i>A.b.deserticola</i> | |
| <i>Artemisiospiza nevadensis</i> | Sagebrush Sparrow |
| <i>Calamospiza melanocorys</i> | Lark Bunting |
| <i>Passerculus sandwichensis</i> | Savannah Sparrow* |
| <i>P.s.sandwichensis</i> | |
| <i>P.s.anthinus</i> | |
| <i>P.s.nevadensis</i> | |
| <i>Ammodramus savannarum</i> | Grasshopper Sparrow* |
| <i>A.s.perpallidus</i> | |
| <i>Ammodramus bairdii</i> ¹²⁰ | Baird's Sparrow |
| <i>Ammodramus leconteii</i> | Le Conte's Sparrow* |
| <i>Ammodramus nelsoni</i> ¹²¹ | Nelson's Sparrow* |
| <i>A.n.nelsoni</i> | |

¹¹⁷These two species were formerly lumped as Rufous-sided Towhee (*P.erythrophthalmus*), but were split by the AOU in 1995.

¹¹⁸ First reported in B.C. in 2006 from Parksville, Vancouver Island

¹¹⁹ Birds of the dry southern interior lowlands (Brewer's Sparrow, *S. (b.) breweri*) and those of subalpine thickets of the Rocky Mountains and northwestern interior (Timberline Sparrow, *S. (b.) taverneri*) possibly represent different species.

¹²⁰ Most records of this species in B.C. are questionable and likely refer to misidentified Savannah Sparrows.

¹²¹ Formerly (until 1999) combined with populations on the Atlantic coast of the U.S. and known simply as Sharp-tailed Sparrow (*A.caudacutus*).

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| <i>Passerella iliaca</i> ¹²² | Fox Sparrow* |
| <i>P.i.zaboria</i> | |
| <i>P.i.unalaschcensis</i> | |
| <i>P.i.townsendi</i> | |
| <i>P.i.fuliginosa</i> | |
| <i>P.i.annectens</i> | |
| <i>P.i.insularis</i> | |
| <i>P.i.sinuosa</i> | |
| <i>P.i.chilcatensis</i> | |
| <i>P.i.schistacea</i> | |
| <i>P.i.altivagans</i> | |
| <i>P.i.olivacea</i> | |
| <i>Melospiza melodia</i> | Song Sparrow* |
| <i>M.m.morphna</i> | |
| <i>M.m.melodia</i> | |
| <i>M.m.caurina</i> | |
| <i>M.m.merrilli</i> | |
| <i>Melospiza lincolnii</i> | Lincoln's Sparrow* |
| <i>M.l.lincolnii</i> | |
| <i>M.l.gracilis</i> | |
| <i>Melospiza georgiana</i> | Swamp Sparrow* |
| <i>M.g.ericrypta</i> | |
| <i>Zonotrichia albicollis</i> | White-throated Sparrow* |
| <i>Zonotrichia querula</i> | Harris's Sparrow |
| <i>Zonotrichia leucophrys</i> | White-crowned Sparrow* |
| <i>Z.l.pugetensis</i> | |
| <i>Z.l.gambelii</i> | |
| <i>Z.l.oriantha</i> | |
| <i>Zonotrichia atricapilla</i> | Golden-crowned Sparrow* |
| <i>Junco hyemalis</i> ¹²³ | Dark-eyed Junco* |
| <i>J.h.hyemalis</i> | |
| <i>J.h.cismontanus</i> | |
| <i>J.h.oreganus</i> | |
| <i>J.h.montanus</i> | |
| <i>J.h.caniceps</i> | |
| <i>Emberiza pusilla</i> | Little Bunting |
| <i>Emberiza rustica</i> | Rustic Bunting |
| Family: Cardinalidae | |
| <i>Piranga rubra</i> | Summer Tanager |
| <i>Piranga olivacea</i> | Scarlet Tanager |
| <i>Piranga ludoviciana</i> | Western Tanager* |

¹²² Research and DNA analysis suggests that this taxon may actually represent four distinct species, three of which occur in B.C.: "Red" Fox Sparrow (*P.(i.) iliaca*), "Sooty" Fox Sparrow (*P.(i.) fuliginosa*), and "Slate-colored" Fox Sparrow (*P.(i.) schistacea*).

¹²³ The eastern and northern form, Slate-colored Junco (*J.h.hyemalis*), and the western form, Oregon Junco (*J.h.oreganus* grp.) were formerly considered separate species. Both forms breed in B.C. There is also a single record of the southwestern U.S. form known as Gray-headed Junco (*J.h.caniceps*) from Vancouver Island in 1975; this form is also sometimes considered a separate species.

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| <i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i> | Rose-breasted Grosbeak* |
| <i>Pheucticus melanocephalus</i> | Black-headed Grosbeak* |
| <i>P.m.melanocephalus</i> | |
| <i>P.m.maculatus</i> | |
| <i>Passerina caerulea</i> | Blue Grosbeak |
| <i>P.c.interfusa</i> ¹²⁴ | |
| <i>Passerina amoena</i> | Lazuli Bunting* |
| <i>Passerina cyanea</i> | Indigo Bunting* |
| <i>Passerina ciris</i> | Painted Bunting |
| <i>P.c.pallidior</i> | |
| <i>Spiza americana</i> | Dickcissel |
| Family: Icteridae | |
| <i>Dolichonyx oryzivorus</i> | Bobolink* |
| <i>Aglaius phoeniceus</i> | Red-winged Blackbird* |
| <i>A.p.arctolegus</i> | |
| <i>A.p.nevadensis</i> | |
| <i>A.p.caurinus</i> | |
| <i>Sturnella neglecta</i> | Western Meadowlark* |
| <i>S.n.confluenta</i> | |
| <i>Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus</i> | Yellow-headed Blackbird* |
| <i>Euphagus carolinus</i> | Rusty Blackbird* |
| <i>E.c.carolinus</i> | |
| <i>Euphagus cyanocephalus</i> | Brewer's Blackbird* |
| <i>Quiscalus quiscula</i> | Common Grackle* |
| <i>Q.q.versicolor</i> | |
| <i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i> | Great-tailed Grackle |
| <i>Q.m.nelsoni</i> | |
| <i>Molothrus ater</i> | Brown-headed Cowbird* |
| <i>M.a.artemisiae</i> | |
| <i>Icterus spurius</i> | Orchard Oriole |
| <i>I.s.spurius</i> | |
| <i>Icterus cucullatus</i> | Hooded Oriole |
| <i>I.c.nelsoni</i> | |
| <i>Icterus bullockii</i> ¹²⁵ | Bullock's Oriole* |
| <i>I.b.bullockii</i> | |
| <i>Icterus galbula</i> ¹³⁸ | Baltimore Oriole* |
| Family: Fringillidae | |
| Subfamily: Fringillinae | |
| <i>Fringilla montifringilla</i> | Brambling |
| Subfamily: Carduelinae | |
| <i>Leucosticte tephrocotis</i> ¹²⁶ | Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch* |
| <i>L.t.littoralis</i> | |

¹²⁴ This subspecies is the presumed source of the B.C. records, based on the proximity of the breeding range

¹²⁵ These species were formerly combined as a single species, Northern Oriole (*I.galbula*) but were split by the AOU in 1995.

¹²⁶ Formerly known as Rosy Finch (*L.arctoa*), but this species has now (as of 1998) been segregated from other forms of rosy-finch in the western U.S. and eastern Asia.

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|---|-------------------------|
| <i>L.t.tephrocotis</i> | |
| <i>Pinicola enucleator</i> | Pine Grosbeak* |
| <i>P.e.leucurus</i> | |
| <i>P.e.flammula</i> | |
| <i>P.e.carlottae</i> | |
| <i>P.e.montanus</i> | |
| <i>Haemorhous mexicanus</i> | House Finch* |
| <i>H.m.frontalis</i> | |
| <i>Haemorhous purpureus</i> | Purple Finch* |
| <i>H.p.purpureus</i> | |
| <i>H.p.californicus</i> | |
| <i>Haemorhous cassinii</i> | Cassin's Finch* |
| <i>Loxia curvirostra</i> ¹²⁷ | Red Crossbill* |
| <i>L.c.bendirei</i> | |
| <i>L.c.sitkensis</i> | |
| <i>Loxia leucoptera</i> | White-winged Crossbill* |
| <i>L.l.leucoptera</i> | |
| <i>Acanthis flammea</i> | Common Redpoll* |
| <i>A.f.flammea</i> | |
| <i>Acanthis hornemanni</i> | Hoary Redpoll |
| <i>A.h.exilipes</i> | |
| <i>A.h.hornemanni</i> ¹²⁸ | |
| <i>Spinus pinus</i> | Pine Siskin* |
| <i>S.p.pinus</i> | |
| <i>Spinus psaltria</i> | Lesser Goldfinch |
| <i>S.p.hesperophila</i> | |
| <i>Spinus tristis</i> | American Goldfinch* |
| <i>S.t.pallidus</i> | |
| <i>S.t.jewetti</i> | |
| <i>Chloris sinica</i> | Oriental Greenfinch |
| <i>C.s.kawahariba</i> | |
| <i>Coccothraustes vespertinus</i> | Evening Grosbeak* |
| <i>C.v.brooksi</i> | |
| Family: Passeridae | |
| <i>Passer domesticus</i> (I) | House Sparrow* |
| <i>P.d.domesticus</i> | |

¹²⁷ Subspecific taxonomy of this species remains unresolved, and the subspecies presented here are likely not truly representative of the variation in this species. Morphological, vocal, and behavioural evidence suggests that this “species” is actually a group of 8-9 “cryptospecies” (known as “types”) in North America. Six of these forms occur in British Columbia: Type 1, Type 2, Type 3, Type 4, Type 5, and Type 7.

¹²⁸ This eastern arctic subspecies has been photo-documented in the Peace River area

EXCLUDED SPECIES

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| <i>Anser fabalis / serrirostris</i> | Taiga / Tundra Bean-Goose |
| <i>Pterodroma solandri</i> | Providence Petrel |
| <i>Pterodroma sandwichensis</i> | Hawaiian Petrel |
| <i>Calonectris leucomelas</i> | Streaked Shearwater |
| <i>Puffinus pacificus</i> | Wedge-tailed Shearwater |
| <i>Sula dactylatra</i> | Masked Booby |
| <i>Sula grantii</i> | Nazca Booby |
| <i>Tringa nebularia</i> | Common Greenshank |
| <i>Limosa limosa</i> | Black-tailed Godwit |
| <i>Calidris subminuta</i> | Long-toed Stint |
| <i>Lymnocyptes minimus</i> | Jack Snipe |
| <i>Aethia pygmaea</i> | Whiskered Auklet |
| <i>Eugenes fulgens</i> | Magnificent Hummingbird |
| <i>Selasphorus sasin</i> | Allen's Hummingbird |
| <i>Chaetura pelagica</i> | Chimney Swift |
| <i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i> | Vermilion Flycatcher |
| <i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i> | Great Kiskadee |
| <i>Tyrannus savana</i> | Fork-tailed Flycatcher |
| <i>Vireo flavifrons</i> | Yellow-throated Vireo |
| <i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i> | Dusky Warbler |
| <i>Saxicola torquatus</i> | Stonechat |
| <i>Turdus obscurus</i> | Eyebrowed Thrush |
| <i>Phainopepla nitens</i> | Phainopepla |
| <i>Vermivora cyanoptera</i> | Blue-winged Warbler |
| <i>Oreothlypis virginiae</i> | Virginia's Warbler |
| <i>Setophaga cerulea</i> | Cerulean Warbler |
| <i>Spizella pusilla</i> | Field Sparrow |
| <i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i> | Northern Cardinal |
| <i>Pheucticus chrysopleus</i> | Yellow Grosbeak |
| <i>Icterus parisorum</i> | Scott's Oriole |